

# Task Supportive and Personalized Human-Large Language Model Interaction:

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## A User Study



Users conduct their own tasks using ChatGPT with suggestions:

# How can ChatGPT help you perform the task

by initializing the conversation, or predicting your next question, or revising your prompt, or adapting its answer...

### 1 Background

- ChatGPT's release has generated significant interest in **human-AI interaction**.
- Various purposes rise: **task assistance, entertainment, education, search engine alternative**.

### 2 ? Unsolved Problems

- Users have challenges in **initializing and refining prompts**
- Users have **cognitive barriers** and **biased perceptions** in the usefulness of ChatGPT's output and the task completion

### 3 This work investigate:

how **background information** and **user cognitive aspects**

- Task topic and type
- Task familiarity
- Expectations of task complexity, outcomes, and effort)

affect user interactions in information-seeking and problem-solving tasks with LLMs.

### 4 Participants

**College students in diverse background:** Computer Science, Library and Information Science, Education, Psychology, Health ...

### 8 Future work

- User modeling with behavioral data only
- Dynamic task status at the prompt level
- RLHF involving task information and user cognitive aspects
- How does Auto(Task)GPT help users?


### 7 Evaluation


Prompt/output annotation

- Usefulness, credibility, ...
- Post-task questionnaire
- Satisfaction, challenges, ...

Interview

### 5 Collecting task information and user cognitive aspects

*User input* → **Task topic, type** → *Prompt engineering* →  *Generate*

*User choose* → **Familiarity level choices** → *Prompt engineering* →  *Generate*

*User choose* → **Expected complexity choices**

*User input* → **Expected outcome, effort**

Prompt engineering

### Acknowledgment